## Learning World BRIDGE ( Syllabus

STEF	Topics	Grammar	Let's get started using	Structures	Words & Phrases	Presentation them
1	自分のことを 言ってみよう	●be 動詞 Be verbs	I am (the characters)	I am, you are, we are, they are, he is, she is, it is Am I? Is he/she?	I, you, we, they, he, she, it / student, happy, sleepy, great, here, good listener, punctual / be good at, from Japan, in front of	Me & My Friend
2	「これは何?」と 言ってみよう	●What+ be動詞 What+be verbs ●代名詞の所有格 Possessives	■Is it? (a rabbit, a cat, a dog/on, in, behind, in front of/ happy, angry)	What is? What time? What day is it? What is the date?  your, his, her, our, their, its, Tom's	what, who/ this, that /your, his, her, our, their, its, Tom's / book, bag, eraser, stapler, staple, unidentified object, whale, puppy, sun, star, the earth, capital city	Japanese Items
3	動作を表す言葉を 使ってみよう	●一般動詞 命令形 Imperatives	wash, wash the dishes (25 verbs)	Let's Shall I? Will you? Shall we? Don't	wash the dishes, give a speech, set the table, eat steak, watch TV, read the newspaper, drive a car, buy groceries, feed the dog, sing a song, open the window, write a letter, drink juice, draw a map, speak French, play soccer, study math, cook curry, practice the piano, ride a bike, close the door, answer the phone, take a picture, bake a cake, make a sandwich	Animals
4	動作を表す言葉を使って 自分のことを言ったり 質問したりしてみよう	●一般動詞 疑問文と答え方 Regular verbs	Do you like? (school subjects)	Do you like? Yes, I do. No, I don't.	English, science, Japanese, music, social studies, arts and crafts, PE, math / get up, get on, get off, turn on, turn off, put on, take off, give up, hand in, run away	Cats or Dogs?
5	数をかぞえてみよう	●名詞の単数形 / 複数形 Singular/ Plural	How many? (fruits, vegetables)	What are these / those? They are How many? How much?	a book-books, a baby-babies, a bus-buses, a knife-knives, a child-children	Let's Make Lunch
6	いろいろなことを 質問してみよう	●Wh疑問詞 Interrogatives	Where, When, How (the museum, the park/ by bike, by car, by bus)	What do you want? Where? When? Why? How? What sport (time/kind of music/grade)? How old (many/tall/much/offen)?	where, when, how, what, why, who, whose, which / brush your teeth, spell, grandmother, brother, birthday, favorite	Our Favorite Things
7	「物」「人」「事柄」 を詳しく言ってみよう	●形容詞 Adjectives ●感嘆文 Exclamatory sentences	Where, When, How  / little, yellow, purple, orange / a parrot, a goldfish, a squirrel, a rabbit	Three beautiful big flowers/ How! What a!	duck, turtle / big, small, long, short, round, tiny, large, huge, good, bad, young, old, strong, weak, clean, dirty, shiny, hungry, thirsty, healthy, sweet, difficult, easy, correct, wrong, free, noisy, brave, gentle, lovely, smart, strict, polite, shy, wise, redder, exciting, boring, wonderful, useful, comfortable, dangerous, delicious, necessary	My Opinions
8	できること、 できないこと を言ってみよう	●助動詞 can Auxiliary verbs	Can you?  cook meals, take care of the elderly, clean up the rubble, carry heavy things, do sign language	■I can I can't Can you? Can I? May I? Could you?	reach, almost/whistle, ride a unicycle, use an abacus, play the recorder, wink, moonwalk, read music	Our Robot
9	今していることを 言ってみよう	●現在進行形 Present progressive tense	I aming. (eat, drink, carry, read, sit, sleep, stand, talk, wear	I aming. Are youing? No, I am not. I'm noting.	glasses, striped shirt/dancing, washing, crying, thinking, driving, smiling, coming, running, hopping, swimming, chatting, studying, leaving, writing, having, ringing	The Best Excuses
10	第三者のことを 話題にしてみよう	●動詞の三人称単数現在 Third-person singular	Lisa's house has  (pointed roof, flat roof, no chimney, two windows, brown door, yellow door)	<ul><li>He lives Does he?</li><li>Yes, he does. No, he doesn't</li><li>What (Where/When/How/Why) does?</li><li>Who?</li></ul>	does, relax, hungry/runs, comes, reads, walks, helps, speaks, wants, writes, eats, uses, loses, chooses, studies, flies, cries, washes, teaches, goes, has, does, says, lives, drives, starts	Famous People
11	場所を明確に 言ってみよう	● 前置詞 (場所、時、期間、手段、方向) Prepositions	There is There are (between, in front of, in, on	There is a in my town./ There are in a day.	squirrel, annoying, hang around, get off / on, in, under, over, between, by, in front of, behind / at, around, for, before, after, until, by, to, for, with	My Routine and Future Plans
12	動作をもっと詳しく 言ってみよう	●副詞 (時、場所、程度、頻度) Adverbs	Find someone who early, easily, loudly, very much, every day, always, late, regularly	You speak well. See you soon. I'm here. Study hardrer.	slowly, tight / happily, loudly, gently, clearly, slowly, softly / well, hard, carefully, early, late, fast / soon, now, ago, abroad, here, there, upstairs, home, very, too, either, so, too, harder, more carefully / never, sometimes, often, usually, always	We are proud of you!
13	「これからのこと」を 言ってみよう	●未来形 will / be going to Future tense	What will you do in order to be a good speaker of English?	■I will / I will be ■What are you going to?	will go swimming, will eat lunch on the beach, will stay home, will read a book, will go outside, will take a walk / moon, astronaut, scientist, interesting program / tomorrow, next year, soon, this evening, tonight, before supper, this weekend	In Twenty Years
14	比べてみよう	●比較級 / 最上級 Comparatives/ Superlatives	Are you taller than? (tallest, shorter, shortest)	I amer than /I am theest in my class. Which iser, A or B? I run (the)est in my class.	bigger, cheaper, nicer, better/older-oldest, happier-happiest, easier-easiest, larger-largest, prettier-prettiest, heavier-heaviest, taller-tallest, worse-worst, more, the most, interesting, difficult, famous, popular/fast-faster-the fastest, well-better-the best	Animals in the World
15	過去の状態、 その時していたこと を言ってみよう	● be動詞の過去形 Past tense be verbs  ●過去進行形 Past progressive tense	What was doing at o'clock in the morning? (in the afternoon, in the evening, at night)	■You were Were you? Yes, I was. No, I wasn't. I was not  ■You wereing. Were youing? I wasn'ting. What (When / Why) wasing?	busy, tired, sleepy, absent, sick, rainy, cloudy, fine, yesterday, today, tomorrow, last week, last night, at that time was going down the slide, was still sleeping / were watching, were cooking / was meeting his friends, was eating at the food court, was playing video games, was helping his mother, was taking a shower, was having lunch, was working, was chatting, was listening	Past, Present and Future
16	過去のことを 言ってみよう	●一般動詞の過去形 Past tense	Did you?  / clean your room, make your bed, watch TV, study, eat lunch, go shopping	<ul><li>He went to Did he?</li><li>He didn't</li><li>Where did you?</li><li>What did you?</li><li>How much did you?</li></ul>	played, opened, cleaned, lived, loved, smiled, studied, cried, tried, walked, washed, watched, wanted, visited, started, stopped, dropped, planned / ran, came, saw, went, did, ate, gave, took, spoke, wrote, drank, chose, had, met, made, sat, found, told, left, won, bought, taught, caught, brought, cut, put, set, read	Historical Figures
17	「~すること」 を言ってみよう	●動名詞 / 不定詞 (名詞用法) Gerunds / Infinitives (as nouns)	What like doing? What want to do? What looking forward to?	■ We like walking I want to walk	cooking, go to Italy, working at, fishing, go to Canada, catching a king salmon, join a choir, drawing pictures/ using, chatting, speaking, talking, walking, go shopping, seeing, be good at playing, start raining / decide to, hope to see, want to be, It isfor, want to swim, enjoyed swimming, like swimming, like to swim	My Favorite Things to Do
18	何のためのもの、 何のためにするのかを 言ってみよう	●不定詞 (形容詞用法 / 副詞用法) Infinitives (as adjectives and adverbs	Is it something?  (to read, to eat, to drink, to wear)	I want something to I go to school to I am glad to I am sorry to	freezing, something / earrings, map, noodle soup, coffee, hat, curry, cocoa, sneakers, wig, Braille, milk, green tea, newspaper, tomato juice, shaved ice, glasses, pizza, ring, water, jacket, sheet music, sushi, soup, hamburger, iced tea, supermarket, convenience store, muscles, fight off colds	To Be Healthy